

HOME AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT OFFICE OF THE LICENSING AUTHORITY

Standard Licensing Requirements for Licence of a Bedspace Apartment

This document outlines the general compliance requirements applicable to most bedspace accommodation. The Bedspace Apartment Authority may impose additional licensing requirements or conditions for individual premises.

LASR-VIII (01/2023)

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PART I : Building Safety and Heath Requirements

Note:

- (a) All proposed and required works shall be carried out to the satisfaction of the Bedspace Apartment Authority ("**the Authority**").
- (b) All proposed and required works shall comply with the provisions of the Buildings Ordinance (Cap.123) (BO), its subsidiary regulations and the requirements stipulated in the Code of Practice for Fire Safety in Buildings 2011 [FS Code]. These documents are available at the Buildings Department (BD) 's website – <u>http://www.bd.gov.hk</u>
- (c) Building works may be subject to the prior approval and consent from the Building Authority (BA) under section 14 of the BO or the simplified requirements for submission under the Minor Works Control System. Detailed procedures and forms of the Minor Works Control System are available at BD's website – <u>www.bd.gov.hk</u>.
- (d) Applicants are advised to consult an architect, building surveyor or structural engineer with regards to these requirements before commencement.

Items	Applicable
<u>1.0 Structural Safety</u>	
 1.1. Structural justification prepared by an Authorized Persons/Registered Structural Engineer (AP/RSE) for the effects of the additional loadings on the structure of the existing building should be submitted due to the following changes:- (a) the renovation works deviated from that shown on the plans approved by BA, particular in relation to the following; (i) raised floor slabs ; (ii) partition walls or external walls ; (iii) storage type water heaters mounted under ceiling or on wall ; (iv) any works or heavy equipment affecting the structure. (b) for the proposed change from domestic to bedspace apartment (BSA) ; and (c) the use of balcony/cantilevered portion as BSA. Structural Justification Report and documents, such as copies of relevant record structural plans and structural calculation, should be submitted together with "Report of Completion".	
1.2 Any additional solid walls/raised floor/parapet wall located on the approved cantilevered structures/balcony/canopy /flat roof should be demolished unless they were approved by the Building Authority or properly carried out under the Minor Works Control System.	

	Items	Applicable
1.3	No structural openings or recesses should be formed through/in the structural slabs / beams / columns / walls for the passages of electrical conduits /A/C pipes / pipes for fire services installations / drainage pipes or other utilities unless (i) approved by BA or (ii) they could be carried out under the Minor Works Control System . For the concerned requirements under the BO, AP/RSE should be consulted. For (i), copies of the approved plans and the acknowledgement of	
	completion by the BD, and for (ii) copies of specified forms with the structural justification prepared by an AP/RSE for the Minor Works and the acknowledgement letter issued by the BD should be submitted together with "Report of Completion".	
<u>2.0 M</u>	eans of Escape	
2.1	The clear height in the escape route(s) should not be less than 2m.	
2.2	The width of internal corridor should not be less than 1,050mm throughout and be inter-communicable at the ends and be kept free from obstructions at all times.	
2.3	The exit doors should be openable from inside without the use of key(s).	
2.4	Electrically operated opening devices on exit doors should be opened by manual means without the use of a key in the case of emergency and comply with Clause B13.2 of the FS Code. In the event of power failure, the door mechanism should be released automatically.	
	Catalogue, certificate, invoice/delivery note of electrically operated locking device on the entrance/exit doors should be submitted together with "Report of Completion".	
2.5	The width of exit doors should comply with Table B2 of the FS Code and be not less than 750mm in width, and not open over the escape route.	
2.6	A notice should be provided on both sides of the BSA's main entrance/exit door in English and Chinese in letters and characters not less than 10mm high as follows:-	
	FIRE DOOR TO BE KEPT CLOSED 防火門 應常關	

	Items	Applicable
2.7	The maximum number of persons (including staff) to be accommodated should be limited to	
3.0 F	ire Resisting Construction	
3.1	If BSA is partitioned off into units, each unit should be separated from the adjoining units and the common corridor by walls (shown as coloured blue on the attached plan) having a fire resisting rating (FRR) of not less than $-/60/60^1$ in accordance with Tables E2 or E3 of the FS Code and up to structural ceiling.	
	Supplier's certificate, test report, invoice/delivery note for fire resisting materials and photo record of fire resisting construction (concealed work only) should be submitted together with "Report of Completion".	
3.2	(i) Main entrance/exit door of the BSA and (ii) if the BSA is partitioned off into units, entrance/exit door (shown as coloured green on the attached plan) of each unit should have an FRR of not less than -/60/60 with smoke seal in accordance with Clauses C6.1, C9.3 and C16.1 - C16.5 of the FS Code.	
	Supplier's certificate, test report & invoice/delivery note for fire resisting doorset should be submitted together with "Report of Completion".	
3.3	The BSA should be separated from the adjoining occupancy by walls and floors having an FRR of not less than -/60/60 and 60/60/60 respectively in accordance with Tables E2 and E3 of the FS Code.	
	Supplier's certificate, test report, invoice/delivery note for fire resisting materials and photo record of fire resisting construction (concealed work only) should be submitted together with "Report of Completion".	
3.4	Any openings in a fire resisting walls/ floors for the passage of ducts, pipes, wires etc. and openings left after construction should be protected with fire dampers or other suitable form of fire stop to maintain the required FRR of that wall or floor. Where ducts, pipes, wires and any insulation passing through the walls/floors are of combustible materials, such materials and enclosure should comply with the FS Code.	
3.5	The void of false ceiling should not be used for storage.	

Fire resistance ratings are designated by three terms, to represent the make up of the element of construction, i.e. X/Y/Z, where: X- Stability fire resistance rating (minutes) Y- Integrity fire resistance rating (minutes) Z- Insulation fire resistance rating (minutes)

	Items	Applicable
4.0 L i	ighting and Ventilation	
4.1	All rooms used for habitation shall have a floor height of not less than 2.5 m measured from floor to ceiling and 2.3 m measured from floor to the underside of any beam.	
	BSA/ Room nosdo not have a floor to ceiling height of 2.5m or floor to the underside of any beam.	
4.2	 All rooms used for habitation and kitchen should be provided with natural lighting and ventilation by means of windows which should be so constructed that:- (a) window faces into external air; (b) the total area of glazing in the window is not less than 1/10 of the floor area of the room; and (c) the openable area of window is not less than 1/16 of the floor area of the room with the top being at least 2m above the floor level. BSA/ Room nos and/or kitchen do not have adequate natural lighting and ventilation. However, omission or reduction of natural lighting and ventilation may be accepted subject to enhancement measures. (See Appendix IA) Catalogue, invoice/delivery note of exhaust fan, calculation of air change rate and photo record of ventilation works (concealed work only) should	
	rate and photo record of ventilation works (concealed work only) should be submitted together with "Report of Completion".	
4.3	 All bathroom/toilets should be provided with natural lighting and ventilation by means of windows which should be so constructed that:- (a) window faces into open air; (b) the total area of glazing in the window is not less than 1/10 of the floor area of the room; and (c) the openable area of window is not less than 1/10 of the floor area of the room with the top being at least 2m above the floor level. 	
	Bathroom to Room nosand/or the communal toilets do not have adequate natural lighting and ventilation. However, omission or reduction of natural lighting and ventilation may be accepted subject to enhancement measures.(See Appendix IA)	
	Catalogue, invoice/delivery note of exhaust fan, calculation of air change rate and photo record of ventilation works (concealed work only) should be submitted together with "Report of Completion".	
4.4	Where a room-sealed gas water heater serves a bathroom or installed in any place in a BSA other than in the bathroom, a suitable flue aperture in an external wall shall be provided to the satisfaction of the Authority.	

	Items	Applicable
<u>5.0 K</u>	<u>Litchen</u>	
5.1	Every BSA shall be provided with a kitchen.	
5.2	The kitchen should be enclosed by walls having an FRR of not less than -/60/60 and self-closing door of not less than -/60/60 in accordance with Clauses C9.3 and C16.1- C16.5 and Tables E2 and E3 of the FS Code and up to structural ceiling.	
5.3	The door to the kitchen shall not be located adjacent to an exit from the BSA.	
5.4	No bathroom, watercloset or communal toilet shall open directly onto a kitchen.	
5.5	The kitchen shall have all internal wall surfaces, to a height of at least 1.2 m from the floor, faced with glazed tiles and shall also be fitted with a sink and fittings for the supply of water.	
<u>6.0 S</u>	anitary fitments and drainage pipeworks	
6.1.	The premises should be provided with adequate number of sanitaryfitments.It is necessary, therefore, to provide :-(a)extra W.C. (s) ;(b)extra bath and/or showers ; and(c)extra wash basins.	
6.2	No drainage pipeworks shall protrude into the floor below or other premises unless prior approval and consent of such drainage works have been obtained from the BA.	
6.3	Every soil or waste fitment should be provided with a suitable trap and ventilated by means of anti-syphonage pipes of suitable sizes. If the traps connected to waste fitments are designed to prevent loss of water seal, provision of anti-syphonage pipe to the traps is not required.	
	Photo record of drainage works (concealed work only) should be submitted together with "Report of Completion".	
6.4	Every soil pipe, waste pipe, anti-syphonage pipe and ventilation pipe should be circular in shape and constructed of cast iron, steel, copper or other approved material.	
	Photo record of drainage works (concealed work only) should be submitted together with "Report of Completion".	

	Items	Applicable
6.5	Condensate pipe for air conditioning system should be properly installed and connected to a drainage system.	
	Photo record of drainage works (concealed work only) should be submitted together with "Report of Completion".	
6.6	 uPVC or PVC piping may be used internally, subject to the following conditions:- (a) the piping should be enclosed in duct having an FRR equal to the structure and the access panels to the duct should have either self-closing doors or securable covers with an FRR of that enclosure; and (b) if uPVC pipe is used, this may be exposed subject to, where pipes pass through FRR walls and any fire rated elements, appropriate approved fire stops/ sealers are to be provided. 	
	Photo record of drainage works (concealed work only) should be submitted together with "Report of Completion".	
6.7	Floor drains should be provided to kitchen, bathroom, toilets.	
6.8	Water proofing	
	Suitable waterproofing materials should be applied to the structural concrete slabs of the toilets/bathrooms/kitchen and turn up every wall at a height of at least 300mm to prevent water leakage. For the walls surrounding the bathtub and the shower tray, the waterproofing material should be applied to at least 1800mm high. If raised floor is constructed, the raised floor slab shall be applied with suitable waterproofing materials.	
	Invoice, catalogue and record photos should be submitted together with "Report of Completion".	
7.0 R	equirements of bedspace	
7.1	Only single beds or double bunks shall be provided.	
7.2	Single beds or double bunks shall be properly secured to the floor.	
7.3	Any double-tier/elevated beds to be provided in the premises shall comply with the requirements set out in the "Guideline on the Arrangement and Disposition of Double-tier/Elevated Beds". (See Appendix IB)	
	<u>Note:</u> The bed should be open on one or more sides for aggregate length equal to length of the bed, otherwise, additional building and fire safety requirements may be imposed.	

Ite	ms	Applicable
<u>8.0 Mino</u>	r Work Control System	
app bui Sch sim Sys	 Erection/ alteration of sub-divided flats Formation/ reinstatement of openings in a slab Construction/ alteration/ repair/ replacement/ removal of windows or window walls Erection/ alteration/ removal of supporting frames for air-conditioning units or any associated air ducts projecting from the external wall 	
(vii		
(ix) (x)	Erection/ alteration of fire dampers in ventilation system Erection/ alteration/ repair/ removal of drain pipes	
(xi) (xii (xii (xiv (xv	 an opening Erection/ alteration/ removal of signboards Removal of unauthorised structures Alteration to external reinforced concrete walls 	
(M	W items will be added or deleted as appropriate according to the actual ation)	
doc ack	Class I & II Minor Works Items, copy of specified form and supporting suments/plans/photos submitted to the BD and corresponding nowledgement letter issued by BD should be submitted together with eport of Completion".	
cor	Class III Minor Works Items, only the copy of specified form and responding acknowledgement letter issued by BD should be submitted ether with "Report of Completion".	

	Items	Applicable
<u>9.0</u>	Other Requirements	
9.1	 Where there is a difference in adjacent levels greater than 600mm, protective barriers have to be provided. These barriers should be (a) designed and constructed to minimise the risk of persons or objects falling, rolling, sliding or slipping through gaps in the barrier, or persons climbing over the barrier; (b) at a height above the higher of the adjacent levels of not less than 1.1m; and (c) constructed as to inhibit the passage of articles more than 100mm in their smallest dimension. 	
9.2	The barrier free access and facilities should be maintained / retained in accordance with the approved plans and the Design Manual for Barrier Free Access 2008 published by the BD.	
9.3	Erection of signboard shall be subject to (i) prior approval and consent from the BA or (ii) Minor Work Control System.	
	For (i), copies of the approved plans and the acknowledgement of completion by the BD, and for (ii) copies of specified forms with the supporting documents (see item 8.1) and the acknowledgement letter issued by the BD should be submitted together with "Report of Completion".	
9.4	A notice in Chinese and English indicating means of 24-hour manned direct communication between the operator and the occupants of the BSA shall be posted in a conspicuous space in the BSA.	
9.5	Demolish or remove the following unauthorized building works and reinstate the affected areas in accordance with the plans approved by the Building Authority.	
9.6	Special requirement(s):- (a)	
<u>10.0 S</u>	Submission of documents for Report of Completion	
10.1	4 sets of building plans, 3 sets of drainage plans and 3 sets of ventilation plans for the completed works should be submitted.	
10.2	For all building materials required to have specified fire resisting rating, supporting documents including supplier's certificate, test report, invoice/delivery note and progress photos should be submitted.	

	Items	Applicable
10.3	For all critical construction works to be concealed upon completion, including drainage works, fire resisting construction works, waterproofing works and duct-works passing through fire resisting walls, progress photos clearly showing the critical steps, components or details before covering up should be submitted. In case of inadequate/absence of such photos, the applicant may be required to open up for verifying compliance.	

<u>Appendix IA</u>

Natural Lighting and Ventilation

1. Natural lighting and ventilation in BSA, kitchen, bathrooms and toilet should comply with the requirements stipulated in the Building (Planning) Regulations 30, 31 & 36. The Authority will assess on individual merit having taken into account the special circumstances of each case, the hardship and the other enhancement measures.

Rooms used for habitation and kitchen

2. The Authority may permit the reduction or omission of natural lighting and ventilation for rooms used for habitation and kitchen if the following enhancement measures were provided:-

- (a) Artificial lighting should be provided to a standard not less than 50 lux;
- (b) Permanent ventilation should be provided by a duct of cross sectional area of not less than 6000mm² connected to the external air;
- (c) Mechanical ventilation should be provided at a rate of not less than 5 air changes per hour;
- (d) Every room shall have its own independent air duct;
- (e) Both ends of the ventilation duct should be provided with a steel mesh or similar material to prevent access by vermin and/ or rubbish, and a downturn on the external face to prevent water penetration; and
- (f) Inlet/outlet of the permanent ventilation and mechanical ventilation ducts should be separated at a distance not less than 1m apart.

Bathroom and toilet

3. The Authority may permit the reduction or omission of natural lighting and ventilation for bathroom and toilet if the following enhancement measures were provided:-

- (a) Artificial lighting should be provided to a standard not less than 50 lux;
- (b) Mechanical ventilation should be provided at a rate of not less than 5 air changes per hour;
- (c) Every room should have its own independent air duct; and
- (d) Both ends of the ventilation duct should be provided with a steel mesh or similar material to prevent access by vermin and/ or rubbish, and a downturn on the external face to prevent water penetration.

4. Any acceptance of reduced standard should not be deemed to establish a precedent and act as a waiver of the standards required under the Building (Planning) Regulations.

Guideline on the Arrangement and Disposition of Double-tier/ Elevated Beds

1. This guideline aims to address the concerns on the safety of the patrons concerned pursuant to the Bedspace Accommodation Ordinance (BAO). The requirements stipulated in this guideline apply to all sleeping accommodation under new applications for licence or any alterations and additions proposals for existing licensed premises subject to the BAO. Failure to comply with the requirements stipulated hereunder may render the Authority to refuse the application.

Access/Egress Arrangement (see Figure 1)

2. Independent access/egress device in the form of climbing aid such as step-type ladder shall be provided for any tier of an elevated bed where such tier including its mattress is more than 700mm high measuring from floor level. Guardrails should be provided when appropriate.

3. The clear width of access/egress opening for each tier of an elevated bed shall be not less than 650mm and leading to an unobstructed horizontal space not less than 650 mm x 650mm for each access/egress opening or device at the point of landing on floor level.

4. Within any room with elevated beds accommodating more than 4 people, width for the corridor/ space between the beds/ fixed furniture/ walls/ should not be less than the minimum width of the required exit route for the guestroom unless the case can be fully justified to the satisfaction of the Authority.

5. The vertical distance between the upper surface of the bed mattress and the underside of the bed/ ceiling/ beam directly above shall not be less than 750mm high. (see Figure 1) Besides, no part of the multi-tier/elevated bed shall obstruct the sprinkler system and the fire detection system which shall be designed and installed in accordance with the Loss Prevention Council Rules, BS EN 12845 (with suitable modification pertinent to Hong Kong) and BS5839 : Part I or other standards acceptable to the Director of Fire Services.

6. The Authority will assess on individual merit having taken into account the special circumstances of each case, the hardship and the other safety enhancement measures.

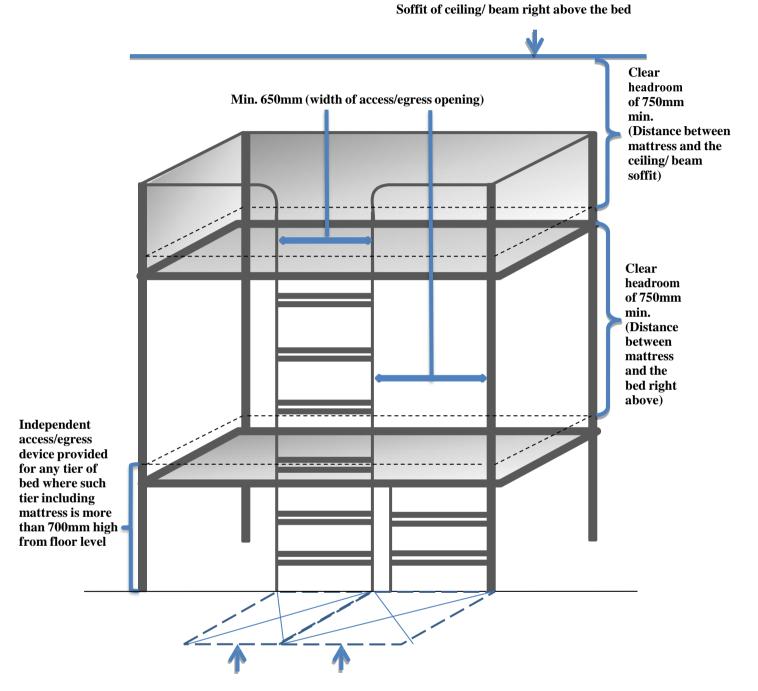


Figure 1 Arrangement and Disposition of Multi-tier/Elevated Beds

Min. 650mm X 650mm unobstructed manoeuvring space provided for each access device or access/egress opening (Such manoeuvring space shall not be overlapped)

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PART II : Fire Safety Requirements

Note:

- (a) All requirements and definitions on Fire Service Installations and Equipment are based upon the "Codes of Practice for Minimum Fire Service Installations and Equipment and Inspection, Testing and Maintenance of Installations and Equipment" which is available at the Fire Services Department (FSD)'s website – <u>http://www.hkfsd.gov.hk</u>.
- (b) "Protected Means of Escape" means protected corridors, protected lobbies (including lobbies protecting fireman's lifts) and protected staircases as defined in the Code of Practice for Fire Safety in Buildings published by the Buildings Department.

	Items	Applicable
<u>1.0 l</u>	Fire Safety Requirements for Premises Exceeding 230 Square Meters in F	loor Area
<u>(Ad</u>	litional requirements to paragraph 2)	
1.1	A fire hydrant/hose reel system shall be installed in accordance with Appendix IIA. The installation works shall be carried out by a Registered Fire Service Installation Contractor in Class 2, and a copy of 'Certificate of Fire Service Installations and Equipment' (F.S. 251) shall be submitted to the Authority upon completion.	
1.2	A sprinkler system shall be provided in premises. The installation works shall be carried out by a Registered Fire Service Installation Contactor in Class 2, and a copy of "Certificate of Fire Service Installations and Equipment" (F.S. 251) will be submitted to the Authority upon completion.	
<u>2.0 (</u>	eneral Fire Safety Requirements for All Premises	
2.1	A fire service installation control panel shall be installed near the main entrance or the management office inside the BSA.	
2.2	The BSA shall comply with the requirements for Self-contained Luminaries Emergency Lighting System at Appendix IIB.	
2.3	All designated exits inside the BSA shall be indicated by exit signs with specifications in accordance with the Codes of Practice for Minimum Fire Service Installations and Equipment.	
2.4	If an exit sign is not clearly visible from any location in the BSA, directional signs with specifications in accordance with the Code of Practice for Minimum Fire Service Installations and Equipment shall be erected to assist occupants to identify the exits in the event of an emergency.	
2.5	Manual fire alarm call points are to be provided at strategic locations of the	

	Items BSA, e.g. outside the kitchen and near to the exit(s). One alarm bell shall be installed outside the main entrance of the BSA.	Applicable
2.6	Visual alarm signals in addition to audio warning device shall be provided to form part of the fire alarm system in accordance with the current Design Manual: Barrier Free Access. The design of which shall be in accordance with the Code of Practice for Minimum Fire Service Installations & Equipment to form part of the fire alarm system.	
2.7	Fire detection system shall be provided in accordance with BS 5839 : Part I or other standards acceptable to the Director of Fire Services for the entire BSA. The alarm of such system shall be integrated with the Fire Alarm System provided for the BSA.	
2.8	Where the BSA occupies only one flat, one $9L CO_2$ /water or one 4.5 kg CO_2 or one 2 kg dry powder fire extinguisher is to be provided in the sleeping area in a readily accessible position. Where the BSA occupies more than one flat, the number of fire extinguisher is to be increased in proportion to the number of flats.	
2.9	A notice in Chinese on the operation method of fire extinguisher(s) and fire blanket shall be prominently displayed at the location where such equipment is provided.	
2.10	One fire blanket (Minimum size: $1.44m^2$) and one 4.5 kg CO_2 or one 2 kg dry powder fire extinguisher are to be provided in every kitchen.	
2.11	When a ventilation/air conditioning control system to the BSA is provided, it shall stop mechanically induced air movement within a designated fire compartment.	
2.12	It is noted that sprinkler system has been provided in your BSA under application. In this connection, you are required to ensure that all parts of the premises are adequately protected by the system after renovation work.	
2.13	Two copies of the layout of updated fire service installations and equipment provided in the BSA shall be submitted to the Authority.	
2.14	All ventilating systems that embody the use of ducting or trunking, passing through any wall, floor, or ceiling from one compartment to another, shall comply with the Building (Ventilating System) Regulations. Detailed drawings showing layout of the ventilating system shall be submitted to the Ventilation Division of the FSD for approval, and a copy of letter of compliance shall be submitted to the Authority as proof of compliance. The system shall subsequently be inspected by a Registered Ventilation Contractor at intervals not exceeding 12 months and a copy of the 'maintenance certificate' shall be forwarded to the Authority as proof of compliance.	

	Items	Applicable
2.15	All linings for acoustic and thermal insulation and decorative purposes within protected means of escape in the BSA shall be of Class 1 or 2 Rate of Surface Spread of Flame as per BS 476 Part 7 or its international equivalent, or be brought up to that standard by use of an approved fire retardant product. To this effect, a copy of the 'Certificate of Fire Service Installations and Equipment' (F.S. 251) issued by the Registered Fire Service Installation Contractor shall be submitted to the Authority as proof of compliance.	
2.16	All linings for acoustic and thermal insulation purposes in ductings and concealed locations shall be of Class 1 or 2 Rate of Surface Spread of Flame as per BS 476 Part 7 or its international equivalent, or be brought up to that standard by use of an approved fire retardant product. To this effect, a copy of the 'Certificate of Fire Service Installations and Equipment' (F.S. 251) issued by the Registered Fire Service Installation Contractor shall be submitted to the Authority as proof of compliance.	
2.17	If Polyurethane (PU) foam filled mattresses and upholstered furniture are used in the BSA, they shall meet the flammability standards as specified in BS 7177 : 1996 and BS 7176 : 1995 (or their latest editions) for use in medium hazard premises/building or standards acceptable to the Director of Fire Services. (See Appendix IIC)	
2.18	Electrical installations shall be installed, inspected, tested and certificated by a registered electrical contractor registered with the Director of Electrical & Mechanical Services. Such electrical installation shall have it inspected, tested and certified at last once every 5 years thereafter. A copy of the certificate shall be forwarded to the Authority as proof of compliance with the Electricity Ordinance, which shall be re-validated every five years thereafter.	
2.19	Any fuel gas system/appliances installed for use in the BSA shall be installed in accordance with the provisions in the Gas Safety Ordinance, Cap. 51 by a registered contractor and a Certificate of Compliance/Completion shall be submitted to the Authority as proof of compliance.	
2.20	No storage of dangerous goods exceeding the exempted quantity will be permitted.	

	Items		Applicable
2.21	The fol	lowing fuels may be used inside the kitchen/bathroom:-	
	2.21.1	Electricity;	
	2.21.2	Towngas; or	
	2.21.3	Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) in portable cylinders provided	
		that :	
		(a) LPG cylinders may only be used inside premises to supply	
		fixed gas appliances when a piped supply. (Towngas or	
		central LPG supply), is not available to the said premises	
		upon first application for license.	
		(b) LPG cylinders shall not be located:	
		below ground level	
		in poorly ventilated areas	
		in sleeping areas or bathrooms	
		in only means of escape from premises,	
		close to heat source(s).	
		(c) The aggregate water capacity of LPG cylinders in each	
		dwelling shall not exceed 130 litres without approval of the	
		Gas Authority.	

<u>Appendix IIA</u>

Requirement for Fire Hydrant/Hose Reel System

- # There shall be sufficient hydrants and hose reels to ensure that every part of the premises can be reached by a length of not more than 30m of the fires services hose or hose reel tubing.
- # Additional hose reel(s) completed with remote pump starter switch shall be extended from the existing fire hydrant/hose reel system, to the effect that every part of the premises can be reached by a length of not more than 30m of hose reel tubing.
- # A hose reel system shall be provided for the premises such that every part of the premises can be reached by a length of not more than 30m of hose reel tubing. The tank of such hose reel system shall be not less than 1500 litres. The system shall have a fixed fire pump which shall be permanently primed and be capable of producing a jet at the hose reel nozzle for a length of not less than 6m, at a flow of not less than 24 litres/minute.

Remarks : # Delete whichever is not applicable.

Appendix IIB

<u>Requirements for Emergency Lighting Systems</u> with Central Power Supply

A. Definition

- Luminaire means an apparatus which distributes, filters and transforms the light given by a lamp or lamps and which includes all the items necessary for fixing and protecting these lamps and for connecting them to the central supply circuit. It shall conform to the requirements of BS 5266-1: 2016 and BS EN 1838: 2013 unless otherwise specified below.
- 2. Centrally supplied emergency lighting luminaire means a luminaire for maintained or nonmaintained operation which is energized from a central emergency power supply system that is not contained within the luminaire.

B. <u>Specification</u>

- 3. The emergency lighting systems shall comply with BS 5266-1: 2016 and BS EN 1838: 2013 and the relevant requirements of the *Codes of Practice for Minimum Fire Service Installations and Equipment and Inspection, Testing and Maintenance of Installations and Equipment* unless otherwise specified below.
- 4. Batteries used shall be of heavy duty and rechargeable (secondary) type; batteries of primary cells of any type whatsoever will not be acceptable.
- 5. Batteries shall be installed in a room approved for this purpose by the Building Authority, Housing Authority or Director of Architectural Services as appropriate, unless:
 - (a) the battery is an enclosed type and its entire installation shall conform to
 - (i) BS EN IEC 62485-1: 2018 and BS EN IEC 62485-2: 2018 with capacity not exceeding 400 amphere-hours; or
 - (ii) BS EN 50272-1: 2010 and BS EN 50272-2: 2001 with capacity not exceeding 400 amphere-hours; or
 - (b) the battery is of the valve regulated type conforming to BS EN 60896-21: 2004 and BS EN 60896-22: 2004.
- 6. All batteries for emergency lighting circuits shall be kept fully charged at all times.

- 7. Power Supply for Cinemas / Theatres / Premises for Entertainment Purposes
 - (a) For cinemas / theatres / premises for entertainment purposes accommodating 500 persons or less, the emergency lighting system shall be capable of maintaining the stipulated lighting level for a minimum period of 1 hour with power supplied either from a dedicated uninterruptible power supply (UPS) system or from a central battery DC supply system conforming to BS EN 50171: 2001; or
 - (b) For cinemas / theatres / premises for entertainment purposes accommodating more than 500 persons, the emergency lighting system shall be:
 - (i) maintained for a minimum period of 2 hours with power supplied either from a dedicated UPS system or from a central battery DC supply system conforming to BS EN 50171: 2001; or
 - (ii) maintained for a minimum period of 1 hour with power supplied either from a dedicated UPS system or from a central battery DC supply system conforming to BS EN 50171: 2001 on the condition that the supply system is backed up by an emergency generator conforming to the standard as stipulated in the *Codes of Practice for Minimum Fire Service Installations and Equipment and Inspection, Testing and Maintenance of Installations and Equipment.*
- 8. An automatic trickle charger with mains input and suitable output, fitted with meters, regulators, pilot lights, testing facilities and warning signals in both visual and audio forms, shall be provided for the UPS system or central battery DC supply system. The visual and audio warning signals shall be terminated in the management office of the cinemas / theatres / premises for entertainment purposes or a place agreed with the Fire Services Department to alert the management of system fault. The charger shall be capable of fully re-charging the batteries in not more than 12 hours, if the emergency lighting system is not additionally backed up by emergency generator. For emergency lighting system backed up by emergency generator, the time required to fully recharge the battery system shall not be more than 24 hours.
- 9. Wherever applicable, the supply from the batteries shall feed a main distribution fuse board and thence be subdivided to four sub-distribution fuse boards as follows:
 - Exit lighting
 - —Stair lighting
 - —Auditorium lighting
 - —Stage lighting

- 10. Outgoing circuits shall be suitably protected by fuses / protective device conforming to the relevant requirements of the *Code of Practice for the Electricity (Wiring) Regulations* issued by the Electrical and Mechanical Services Department.
- 11. The emergency lighting system shall be wired with fire resisting cables conforming to:
 - (a) BS EN 50200: 2015 (PH60) and Annex E of BS EN 50200: 2015 (a duration of survival time of 30 minutes) and one of the following standards:
 - (i) BS EN 60702-1: 2002 + Al: 2015 & BS EN 60702-2: 2002 + Al: 2015
 - (ii) BS 7629-1: 2015 (Cat. Standard 60)
 - (iii) BS 7846: 2015 (Cat. F2 for cables of overall diameter not exceeding 20mm); or
 - (b) BS 6387: 2013 Cat. CWZ; or
 - (c) BS 7846: 2015 (Cat. F60 for cables of overall diameter exceeding 20mm).

Remark: The use of fire resisting cables may be exempted under the relevant conditions stipulated in FSD Circular Letter No. 2/2017 - Minimum Fire Resisting Cable Requirements for Fire Service Installations.

- 12. All luminaires in the emergency lighting system shall be compliant with the glow wire test as stated in sub-clause 13.3.2 of IEC 60598-1 but at a temperature of 850°C. The luminaires shall be permanently fixed in position.
- 13. Upon failure of the normal lighting system or in the event of power failure, the emergency lighting system shall automatically light up to at least 90% of the stipulated illumination level within 5 seconds.

C. Other Requirements

- 14. Batteries in celluloid containers shall not be installed, stored or used.
- 15. A margin allowance of 12^{1}_{2} % of the total required battery capacity (ampere-hour rating not voltage) shall be provided, i.e. $100\% + 12^{1}_{2}\% = 112^{1}_{2}\%$.
- 16. A diagram showing details of the distribution system and the circuit wiring of the emergency lighting system shall be posted adjacent to the electrical wiring diagram(s) of the main distribution board.
- 17. The minimum illumination provided at floor level by the emergency lighting system shall be:

Staircase/exit route

not less than 2 lux

Nightclub, restaurant, dance hall, or premises where people not less than 1 lux have freedom of movement and there are loose fixtures and fittings

Cinemas and theatres (auditorium) not less than 0.5 lux

The measurements shall be taken at the mid-point between any two emergency lighting luminaires. A discretionary tolerance of minus 10% is permitted and all readings shall be taken by an illuminance meter.

- 18. All luminaires shall have equal lumen output and distribution characteristics giving equal intensity of light in all material directions. Each luminaire shall be so sited as to avoid impairment of vision from glare. Luminaires, except where so specified and approved, shall be mounted at a height of not less than 2 metres above the finished floor level.
- 19. The minimum number of lamps required in any luminaires shall not be less than two (Note: If only one luminaire was provided and a lamp failure occurred, a hazardous situation would result). The luminaires shall be permanently fixed in position.
- 20. Facilities exceeding 8m² gross floor area and facilities of less than 8m² without borrowed light shall be provided with escape lighting complying as if they were part of an escape route. For clarity, escape route means a route forming part of the means of escape from a point in a building to a final exit. Borrowed light means the light obtained from an adjacent reliable source such as emergency lighting luminaires, exit signs and directional signs that is available at all material times. Escape lighting means part of emergency lighting which is provided to ensure the escape route is illuminated at all material times.
- 21. In the event of failure of the normal lighting, the public shall, unless the capacity of the battery is sufficient to maintain the specified conditions for a minimum period of 4 hours, within 1 hour be required to leave the building / premises and they shall not be re-admitted until the normal lighting has been fully restored and the emergency lighting system recharged.
- 22. Routine Inspections and Tests
 - (a) In the case of battery systems, the control and safety devices installed shall be regularly tested as follows:
 - (i) Connections between the battery and the source of charging current shall be such that in no circumstances shall the battery discharge other than to the emergency lighting circuits.

- (ii) A rectifier for battery charging shall be provided for the purpose only and shall be so regulated that the battery cannot discharge appreciably under normal conditions.
- (b) Once every month a functional test in accordance with BS EN 50172: 2004 not longer than 10% of rated duration should be carried out.
- (c) Once every month a discharge test for 1 minute at the 10-hour discharge rate, shall be carried out and the results shall be entered in a register. The on-load voltage of each cell after this test shall be not less than 2.01 volts for lead acid and 1.25 volts for nickel-cadmium. For other types of battery, advice from the manufacturer of the battery / system shall be sought and that shall also be acceptable to the Director of Fire Services.
- (d) Once twelve-month a full rated duration test should be carried out and the result should be entered in a register.
- (e) The luminaire should be functioning properly to maintain the stipulated lighting level and the normal power supply should be restored after the test.
- (f) If automatic testing devices are used, paragraphs C.22(b) to C.22(e) should be complied with.
- 23. The luminaires of emergency lighting system conforming to the requirements as stipulated in paragraph B.12 above shall be tested and certified by a testing organization recognized by the Fire Services Department or a local university laboratory competent to carry out the relevant tests and certification.
- 24. Performance as stipulated in paragraphs B.7, B.8 and B.13 above shall be verified by a Registered Fire Service Installation Contractor / Works Specialist / Works Agent by means of manufacturer's specifications/certificates/calculations and testing & commissioning conducted on site.

<u>Requirements for Self-contained Luminaires</u> <u>Emergency Lighting Systems</u>

A. <u>Definition</u>

- Luminaire means an apparatus which distributes, filters and transforms the light given by a lamp or lamps and which includes all the items necessary for fixing and protecting these lamps and for connecting them to the supply circuit. It shall conform to the requirements of BS 5266-1: 2016 and BS EN 1838: 2013 unless otherwise specified below.
- 2. Self-contained emergency lighting luminaire means a luminaire providing maintained or nonmaintained emergency lighting in which all the elements, such as the battery, the lamp, the control unit and the test and monitoring facilities, where provided, are contained within the luminaire or adjacent (i.e. within 1 metre) to it.

B. Specification

- 3. Emergency lighting luminaires shall be compliant with the glow wire test as stated in sub-clause 13.3.2 of IEC 60598-1 but at a temperature of 850°C.
- 4. All power cables extended outside the enclosure of a self-contained emergency lighting luminaire, other than the wiring connecting the luminaire to normal supply shall conform to:
 - (a) BS EN 50200: 2015 (PH60) and Annex E of BS EN 50200: 2015 (a duration of survival time of 30 minutes) and one of the following standards:
 - (i) BS EN 60702-1: 2002 + Al: 2015 & BS EN 60702-2: 2002 + Al: 2015
 - (ii) BS 7629-1: 2015 (Cat. Standard 60)
 - (iii) BS 7846: 2015 (Cat. F2 for cables of overall diameter not exceeding 20mm); or
 - (b) BS 6387: 2013 Cat. CWZ.

Remark: The use of fire resisting cables may be exempted under the relevant conditions stipulated in FSD Circular Letter No. 2/2017 - Minimum Fire Resisting Cable Requirements for Fire Service Installations.

5. An automatic trickle charger with a 220-volt input and suitable output and fitted with pilot lights or other indicating device shall be provided for the batteries. The charger shall be capable of re-charging the battery to 100% of the rated capacity in not more than 12 hours.

stipulated lighting levels for a minimum period of 2 hours (rated duration).

The self-contained luminaires emergency lighting system shall be capable of maintaining the

- 7. Upon failure of the normal lighting system or in the event of power failure, the emergency lighting shall automatically light up to at least 90% of the stipulated illumination level within 5 seconds.
- 8. Each unit shall be provided with a properly labeled "TEST" switch and charge monitor light. A low voltage cut out shall also be provided to disconnect the batteries when fully discharged.

C. Other Requirements

6.

- 9. At least two sets of emergency lighting luminaire shall be provided in the premises so that the premises will not be plunged into total darkness in the event of luminaire failure. However, if the area of the premises is less than 16m² and a hazardous situation will not occur in the event of luminaire failure, only one set of emergency lighting luminaire will be required. The luminaires shall be permanently fixed in position.
- 10. The minimum illumination provided at floor level by the emergency lighting systems shall be:

Staircase/exit route	not less than 2 lux
Nightclub, restaurant, dance hall, or premises where people have freedom of movement and there are loose fixtures and fittings	not less than 1 lux

The measurements shall be taken at the mid-point between any two emergency lighting luminaires. All readings shall be taken by an illuminance meter and a discretionary tolerance of minus 10% is permitted.

- 11. Facilities exceeding 8m² gross floor area and facilities of less than 8m² without borrowed light should be provided with escape lighting complying as if they were part of an escape route. For clarity, escape route means a route forming part of the means of escape from a point in a building to a final exit. Borrowed light means the light obtained from an adjacent reliable source such as emergency lighting luminaires, exit signs and directional signs that is available at all material times. Escape lighting means part of emergency lighting which is provided to ensure the escape route is illuminated at all material times.
- 12. The emergency lighting system shall be installed / inspected and certified by a Registered Fire Service Installation Contractor.

- 13. The self-contained lighting luminaires of the emergency lighting system conforming to the requirements as stipulated in paragraphs B.3 to B.8 above shall be tested and certified by a testing organization recognized by the Fire Services Department or a local university laboratory competent to carry out the relevant tests and certification.
- 14. Periodic tests shall be carried out to each luminaire according to the following procedures:
 - (a) Once every month a functional test in accordance with BS EN 50172:2004 not longer than 10% of rated duration should be carried out
 - (b) Once twelve-month a full rated duration test should be carried out and result should be entered in a register.
 - (c) The luminaire should be functioning properly to maintain the stipulated lighting level and the normal power supply should be restored after the test.
 - (d) If automatic testing devices are used, Paragraphs C.14 (a) to C.14 (c) above should be complied with.

Requirements for Polyurethane (PU) Foam Filled Furniture Items

(a) If PU foam filled mattresses are used in the premises, they shall meet the flammability standard as specified below, or a standard acceptable to the Director of Fire Services.

	Flammability Standard / Specification
1.	British Standard : Specification for resistance to ignition of mattresses, divans and bed
	bases (for the use in medium hazard premises/buildings) BS 7177 : 1996 (or the latest
	edition).
2.	State of California, Bureau of Home Furnishings and Thermal Insulation Technical
	Bulletin Number 121 – Flammability Test Procedure for Mattresses for Use in High Risk
	Occupancies.
3.	State of California, Bureau of Home Furnishings and Thermal Insulation Technical
	Bulletin Number 129 – Flammability Test Procedure for Mattresses for Use in Public
	Buildings.

(b) If PU foam filled upholstered furniture are used in the premises, they shall meet the flammability standard as specified below, or a standard acceptable to the Director of Fire Services.

	Flammability Standard / Specification
1.	British Standard : Specification for resistance to ignition of upholstered furniture for non-
	domestic seating by testing composites (for the use in medium hazard premises/buildings)
	BS 7176:1995 (or the latest edition).
2.	State of California, Bureau of Home Furnishings and Thermal Insulation Technical
	Bulletin Number 133 - Flammability Test Procedure for Seating Furniture for Use in
	Public Occupancies.

In respect of (a) and (b), furniture items meeting the specified standards shall bear an appropriate label*. Invoices from manufacturers / suppliers and test certificates from a testing laboratory both indicating that the PU foam filled furniture items comply with the specified standards shall be produced for verification. The test certificates shall be issued by a testing laboratory accredited to conduct tests according to the specified standards, and be authenticated by the company's stamp of manufacturers / suppliers.

* See Annex A for Sample of Label.

Sample of Label (標籤樣本)

Sample I (樣本 I)

NOTICE THIS ARTICLE IS MANUFACTURED FOR USE IN PUBLIC OCCUPANCIES AND MEETS THE FLAMMABILITY REQUIREMENTS OF CALIFORNIA BUREAU OF HOME FURNISHINGS TECHNICAL BULLETIN 133*/129*/121*. CARE SHOULD BE EXERCISED NEAR OPEN FLAME OR WITH BURNING CIGARETTES.

此家具為供公眾使用而製造,符合加利福尼亞州家具局技術報告(TB)第133*/129*/121*的可燃規定,請勿將此家具放 近明火或有香煙的地方。

*Delete wherever inapplicable / 請刪去不適用者

- Note: The minimum size of the label shall be 5×7.5 cm and the minimum size of the type shall be 3mm in height. All type shall be in capital letters.
- 註: 標籤面積最小須為 5×7.5 厘米,字體高度最小須為 3 毫米。 (英文告示的所有字體必須為大楷)

Sample II (樣本 II)

Complies with BS 7176:1995 Direct test/predictive test* for medium hazard *Delete whichever is inappropriate 符合英國 標準 7176:1995 適用於中度危險的直接測試 / 預報測試標準 直接測試 /預報測試標準* *刪去不適用者 Sample III (樣本 III)



PART III : Sample Licence Conditions

- 1. This Licence is the property of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region and must be surrendered on cancellation. On cancellation, neither the Licence fee nor part thereof shall be returned unless the Bedspace Apartments Authority (hereafter called the Authority) otherwise directs.
- 2. This Licence or a certified true copy issued by the Authority shall be displayed in a prominent position at the licensed premises at all times and must be produced for inspection on demand.
- 3. Except with the written permission of the Authority, the licensee shall not alter, amend or otherwise change the layout of the premises licensed from the drawings registered by the Authority.
- 4. The operation, keeping, management and other control of the bedspace apartment shall be under the continuous and personal supervision of the licensee or another person on the licensee's behalf.
- 5. No alteration shall be made to any part of the Licence, except those properly endorsed by the Authority.
- 6. The maximum number of persons to be accommodated (including staff) shall be
- 7. The licensee shall comply with such directions as may be given from time to time by the Authority under Sec. 21 of the Bedspace Apartments Ordinance.
- 8. The licensee shall be subject to any other conditions which the Authority may impose and notify in writing addressed to the licensee at his last known address.
- 9. The holder of this Licence shall notify the Authority in writing not less than 60 days prior to the cessation of the operation of the bedspace apartment specified on this Licence.
- 10. The licensee shall provide proper maintenance of the approved means of escape and of any other required works. The provision and maintenance of all self-closing fire resisting doors in an essential feature of the arrangements and on no account shall such doors be permitted to be held open other than by devices approved by the Authority. All exit routes shall be kept free from obstruction at all times and exit doors shall be maintained openable from inside without the use of a key.
- 11. You are required to provide proper maintenance of the Fire Services Installations and Equipment and to ensure that they are free from obstruction at all times.
- 12. No storage of any description is to be allowed within any part of the exit routs which must be kept clear for means of escape purposes and free from any possible source of fire.
- 13. No storage of dangerous goods in excess of exempted quantity is permitted without a licence of approved granted by the Direction of Fire Services.
- 14. All externally hung signs and other appendages for or on the licensed premises shall be regularly inspected and maintained in a structural safe condition and any signs of danger or dilapidation shall be remedied immediately.

- 15. Prior to commencing any alteration, addition, renovation or redecoration, the formal written agreement of the Authority must be obtained. The licensee shall complete the works to the satisfaction of the Authority and within 14 days of the completion of the works, submit two sets of drawings showing the works for inclusion in the Registered Drawings. Building works and drainage works involved, which the Buildings Ordinance applied, must be carried out in accordance with the provisions of the Buildings Ordinance and the formal agreement of the Authority does not waive this requirement. Except for works under sections 41(3), 41(3B) and 41(3C) of the Buildings Ordinance, prior approval and consent from the Building Authority shall be obtained before the commencement of the works, or the works may be carried out in accordance with the simplified requirements under the Building (Minor Works) Regulation if the works involved are designated as minor works in Schedule 1 of that Regulation.
- 16. This Licence is not personal to the licensee or the occupier.